

THE CHATTANOOGA DAILY REBEL.

VOLUME I.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1862.

NUMBER 119.

Terms of Subscription.
Daily Rebel per year, \$10.00
Three Months, \$3.00
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No. 6 Whitaker street, Savannah, Georgia.

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CONFERATE MILITARY.

BLACK OR CARMIN INK.

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LEIPER & MUNFEE,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Manufacturers, Tenn.

Oct. 26th 1862-ly

SCOOTERWARD.

FROM NEW YORK, I have received a

copy of the 21st October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

22nd October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

23rd October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

24th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

25th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

26th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

27th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

28th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

I have also received a copy of the

29th October issue of the New York

Times, and find it very interesting to read

of the progress of the war, and the

condition of the South, and the

prospects of the future.

THE DAILY REBEL.

BY FRANCIS M. PAUL.

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC. 20, 1862.

PERSONAL.

WE were pleased to meet yesterday

Mr. P. H. Hays, the commandant of Camp

Director of the 1st, who has been absent for some

time on sick leave. We are gratified to

announced his complete restoration to health.

L. A. W. Thomas, Assistant of the gallant

20th Tennessee, and Capt. Wm. Burden, are

at present at the Central Hotel.

General George H. Staff, the gallant

commander of the "Maryland Line" in Virginia, is

now in a visit to Savannah.

Major General Leung, accompanied by his

staff, including Colonel, Miss, the other day

was in that Department.

Gen. Simon B. Buckner passed through

here yesterday en route for Mobile, to the

command of which department he has been

assigned.

We were pleased to meet yesterday our

old friend Capt. Wm. L. Foster, late of Nashville,

who has been improved in health, and in high

spirits, and is now on duty at the

headquarters of the 1st, generally.

John Morgan has received the appointment

of Brigadier General.

"THE SOLDIER'S FRIEND" is the title

of a new paper, the publication of which is

soon to commence in Atlanta, Ga., by A. S.

Woodruff. Besides giving a full and concise

summary of news, it is to be devoted to the

intellectual, moral and religious interests of

the soldiers. Such an enterprise as this is

capable of much good, and we hope to hear

of its untold success.

Five companies of the new regiment

raised recently by Col. Taz. W. Newman,

and which for some time has been en-

camped near Winchester, Va., Monday

morning left for Chattanooga. Go it old Ten-

nessee! Another gallant band to the

front of your glorious army in the field.

Gen. G. W. Lovell and staff arrived in our

city yesterday, the new disposition of com-

mands in Georgia having relieved him from

his duty as commander. We are glad

to hear that the general was rapidly im-

proving in health, and winning popularity

in the troops. His brilliant action at Col-

umbia is spoken of by everybody as a land-

mark of the generalship of a Mississippi.

REPUBLICAN ARMY OF TENNESSEE,
Headquarters, Nov. 20th, 1862.

General, Nov. 20th, 1862.

The Passage of the Rappahannock.

Special Correspondence Richmond Examiner.]

HAMILTON'S CROSSING,
December 12, 8 o'clock, P. M.

I have obtained an authentic account of the

crossing of the Rappahannock at Fredericks-

burg, which I hasten to transmit. During the

early part of Wednesday night the enemy's

weapons were busily engaged hurling pontoons

across to the banks of the river, their ram-

bling being the only sound heard in the de-

serted streets of the ill-fated old town.

At four o'clock on Thursday morning the

17th Mississippi regiment, Barlesdale's Brig-

ade, on picket within the town, were

ordered to the bluff overlooking the site of

the old railroad bridge. The moon was full

and shined brightly on the water, and the

enemy's forces working like beavers

on a pontoons bridge stretching from

Stafford's landing towards the foot of the

bluff, the distance of an hour the bridge had

been completed within sixty yards of the

bluff. The work was going bravely on,

and the bridge was fast as a nail. The

enemy's forces were thickly

crowded on the bluff, and the

order to fire. The order was deliberately

given and executed. At the crack of our

rifles the bridge-builders scampered for

the shore, leaving their dead and wounded

thickly strewn upon the bridge. In a few

moments they returned and bore them off. Im-

mediately there was opened upon the bluff a

terrible fire of shell, grape and musketry,

which was kept up with little intermission

until five o'clock, when our troops retired.

These again at intervals of half an hour,

the enemy renewed the attempt to complete

the bridge, but was in each instance repulsed

with heavy loss. In every case the Yankees

retreated to the end of the bluff, and on re-

ceiving our fire retired with equal timidity.

After the third repulse of the enemy, the

works of Barlesdale's Brigade were ordered

to the support of the 17th regiment, and were

put into position, some in rear of the bluff and

others higher up and lower down the bluff.

At this juncture the enemy's fire from cannon

and small arms became so tremendous and

overwhelming that our force was only pre-

served from destruction by being shut in their

flanks. In every instance in which a man ven-

ured to raise his head from the earth he was

immediately killed by a bullet or torn to pieces

by a shell. It is not to be wondered at that

the position occupied by our men was every

moment a fearful one, and sharp shots were

not only heard, but seen to fall from the

bluff. The enemy, understanding the precautions

we had taken, the cannon and small arms were

ordered to be silent, and the only sound heard

was the rattle of our rifles.

At six o'clock a tall chimney on the

bluff, which had been struck by our men, lay

in ruins, and was surrounded by a

circle of fire. The enemy's fire was

now so intense that it was impossible to

stand near the chimney, and the

bluff was now a scene of confusion.

At seven o'clock the enemy's fire

was so intense that it was impossible to

stand near the chimney, and the

bluff was now a scene of confusion.

At eight o'clock the enemy's fire

was so intense that it was impossible to

stand near the chimney, and the

bluff was now a scene of confusion.

At nine o'clock the enemy's fire

was so intense that it was impossible to

stand near the chimney, and the

bluff was now a scene of confusion.

At ten o'clock the enemy's fire

was so intense that it was impossible to

stand near the chimney, and the

bluff was now a scene of confusion.

At eleven o'clock the enemy's fire

The Battle of Fredericksburg—Another Con-

clusive Victory.

From the Richmond Examiner.]

HAMILTON'S CROSSING,
December 14th, 1862.

Of the battle of yesterday you have from

our sources learned the main result, the

driving in of the enemy's light batteries, and

the capture of the 17th Tennessee. I will supply

particulars as they come under my observation.

But before doing so, I must endeavor to give

you an idea of the positions occupied by the

hostile forces at the beginning of the action.

From Fredericksburg the Rappahannock

flows nearly due east. The valley of the

river, lying mostly to the south side, is a mile

wide near the town and widening as you go

down stream. At Hamilton's crossing on the

river, the valley is three miles across. From

Hamilton's crossing to Fredericksburg the

river is a mile wide, and the valley is a

mile wide. The river is a mile wide, and

the valley is a mile wide. The river is a

mile wide, and the valley is a mile wide.

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